

Annual Governance Statement 2022/23

1. INTRODUCTION

The Consortium Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the Consortium's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper accounting practices. ESPO, on its own, is not a Local Authority and therefore has no requirement to account under the CIPFA Code of Practice. This gives ESPO a degree of flexibility and ESPO has previously decided to prepare financial statements under the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK (FRS102) using the UK GAAP Framework

As ESPO is not a Local Authority it also has no requirement to prepare an Annual Governance Statement (AGS) following the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice in Local Authority Accounting. However, recognising that such a document is a useful tool in demonstrating good corporate governance to its stakeholders, and the Management Committee, the AGS has been prepared for this year.

ESPO is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. Note that ESPO isn't in receipt of public money for the purpose of providing statutory services in the same way as a Local Authority, rather, ESPO generates its own funds from trading activity. The Consortium members (and through them ESPO) also have a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, ESPO is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs and facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, which includes arrangements for the management of risk. The AGS encompasses the governance system that applied in both ESPO and any significant group entities (e.g. ESPO Trading Limited (ETL), Eduzone) during the financial year being reported.

ESPO has approved and adopted a code of corporate governance as best practice, which is consistent with the principles of "Delivering Good Governance in Local Government Framework" (CIPFA/Solace, 2016). This statement explains how ESPO has complied with the code and also meets the requirements of the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2015, regulation 6 (1a and 1b) which requires all relevant bodies (defined as the constituent members) to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement.

2. WHAT IS CORPORATE GOVERNANCE?

Corporate Governance is defined as how organisations ensure that they are doing the right things, in the right way, for the right people in a timely, inclusive, open, honest and accountable manner. ESPO's governance framework comprises the systems and processes, cultures and values by which ESPO is directed and controlled. It enables ESPO to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate services and value for money.

The CIPFA/SOLACE 'Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (the Framework)', sets the standard for local authority governance in the UK.

The Framework helps local government in taking responsibility for developing and shaping an informed approach to governance, aimed at achieving the highest standards in a measured and proportionate way. The Framework is intended to assist authorities individually in reviewing and accounting for their own unique approach.

The overall aim is to ensure that:

- resources are directed in accordance with agreed policy and according to priorities
- there is sound and inclusive decision making
- there is clear accountability for the use of those resources in order to achieve desired outcomes for service users and communities.

3. WHAT THE AGS TELLS YOU

The AGS provides a summarised account of how ESPO's management arrangements are set up to meet the principles of good governance and how we obtain assurance that these are both effective and appropriate. It is written to provide the reader with a clear, simple assessment of how the governance framework has operated over the past financial year and to identify any developments required. The main aim of the AGS is to provide the reader with confidence that ESPO has an effective system of internal control that manages risks to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The Framework requires ESPO to review arrangements against its Local Code of Corporate Governance to ensure it is consistent with the seven core principles of the Framework.

The principles contained in the Framework have been applied to the preparation of the AGS for the financial year. The AGS has been constructed by undertaking:

- A review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control
- Reviewing other forms of assurance

4. REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Under ESPOs constitution it is required to have a sound system of internal control which: -

- (a) facilitates the effective exercise of its functions and the achievement of its aims and objectives;
- (b) ensures that the financial and operational management of the organisation is effective; and
- (c) includes effective arrangements for the management of risk.

ESPO must (each financial year): -

- (a) conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control, and,
- (b) ESPO has also elected to prepare an annual governance statement.

ESPO has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the senior managers and Leadership Team within ESPO who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment.

To ensure the AGS presents an accurate picture of governance arrangements for the whole organisation, each Assistant Director and the Director was required to complete a 'self-assessment', which provided details of the measures in place within their Service /Division to ensure conformance (or otherwise) with the seven core principles of the Framework.

The self-assessments contained a set of conformance statements under each core principle, which required a corresponding score of 1, 2 or 3 to be recorded (1=Good, 2= Some weaknesses/areas for improvement, 3= Key weaknesses/many areas for improvement), based on the criteria – Refer to the Appendix.

Under this self-assessment, no significant governance concerns and no key weaknesses were identified. Areas where smaller improvements were identified have been added to an Action Plan to support the monitoring of progress.

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5. OTHER FORMS OF ASSURANCE

Local Code of Corporate Governance

The Director has a duty to monitor and review the operation of the Code of Corporate Governance and as part of this process the Director ensures an annual assessment of the Organisation's compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is undertaken. The local code was last reviewed in 2023.

Internal Audit Service

During the financial year Leicestershire County Council Internal Audit Service (LCCIAS) provided internal audit service to ESPO.

LCCIAS conducts its work in accordance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (the PSIAS). The requirements of the PSIAS are contained in the Internal Audit Charter for ESPO mandating the purpose, authority and responsibility of the internal audit activity. Following an independent assessment, in April 2018, LCCIAS was judged to be generally conforming (the highest rating) to the PSIAS. As part of his Annual Report requirements for 2022-23 the Head of Internal Audit Service (HoIAS) conducted a self-assessment of LCCIAS' conformance to the PSIAS. The self-assessment confirmed that the County Council's internal audit activity generally conforms with the International

Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing. The HoIAS also light touch reviewed the service's Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme (QAIP) and found that some actions were overdue.

To meet a PSIAS requirement to form an opinion on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of ESPO's control environment i.e. its framework of governance, risk management and control, the HoIAS constructs an annual risk-based plan of audits. Given the continuing improvements in risk management at ESPO, the plan is primarily based on the contents of the Corporate Risk Register, the four-year Strategy and the AGS, to ensure that current and emerging risks are adequately covered. Parts of the plan relate to audits of the key financial and ICT systems and a contingency is retained for unforeseen risks, special projects and investigations.

Internal audit reports often contain recommendations for improvements to the area being audited. The number, type and importance of recommendations affects how the auditor reaches an opinion on the level of assurance that can be given that controls are both suitably designed and are being consistently applied, and that material risks are unlikely to arise. The combined sum of individual audit opinions and other assurances gained throughout the year (e.g. attendance at Committees and project groups, evaluations of the work of other assurance providers, meetings with the Consortium Secretary and Consortium Treasurer), facilitate the HoIAS in forming the annual internal audit opinion on the overall control environment.

The HoIAS presents a detailed annual report to the Finance & Audit Subcommittee in October. The annual report incorporates the annual internal audit opinion; a summary of the work that supports the opinion; performance against the plan, a statement on conformance with the PSIAS, a review of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme and any matters to be raised in the AGS.

For 2022-23 based on an objective assessment of the results of individual audits undertaken, actions by management thereafter, and the professional judgement of the HoIAS in evaluating other related activities, the HoIAS concluded: -

HolIAS opinion

No significant governance, risk management or internal control failings have come to the HoIAS' attention therefore substantial assurance is given that ESPO's control environment overall has remained adequate and effective.

Risk management arrangements

Governance of Risk

ESPO's Code of Corporate Governance sets out a requirement to ensure that an effective risk management system is in place. In order for risk management to be most effective and become an enabling tool, ESPO must ensure a robust, consistent, communicated and formalised process is established. The Risk Management Policy and Strategy (RMP&S) is reviewed regularly and approved by the Management Committee. The RMP&S was reviewed by the Finance & Audit Subcommittee in February 2023. Risk management processes have been further entrenched into the management of the organisation with each member of the management team being responsible for reviewing changes in risk on a quarterly basis within their area of responsibility.

External Audit

Following a tender exercise in early 2022, which was supported by the Chief Officer's Group, ESPO's external auditor was changed to Fortus Audit LLP. Fortus undertook the external audit for 2021/22 and no significant concerns over governance or internal control were identified. During 2023, Fortus Audit LLP sold their East Midlands business to TC Group Limited, who have taken over the audit of ESPO. TC Group will present their findings on the 2022/23 audit to those charged with governance through:

A report to those charged with Governance:

Under International Auditing Standards, external auditors are required to report to those charged with governance on the significant findings from their audit before giving their audit opinion, the purpose of which is to highlight any significant matters. The 2022/23 report concluded that no significant audit and accounting issues were identified and that there were no material deficiencies in internal control.

Audit opinion for the Statement of Accounts / Financial Statements:

The audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Statement of Accounts sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the Statement of Accounts is free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. For 2022/23, ESPO's Statement of Accounts presented a true and fair view, in accordance with the relevant codes and regulation. The auditors also issued an 'unqualified' opinion for 2022/23.

ESPO's Constitution includes Standing Financial Instructions, Contract Procedure Rules and Schemes of Delegation. These translate into key operational internal controls such as: control of access to systems, offices and assets; segregation of duties; reconciliation of records and accounts; decisions and transactions authorised by nominated officers; and production of suitable financial and operational management information. These controls demonstrate governance structures in place throughout the Organisation which contribute to the production of the Annual Statement of Accounts and positive opinion presented by our external auditors.

Organisational Governance and Performance Framework

Management Committee receives frequent (at least quarterly) financial and operational reports, which includes information relating to:

- Financial Information;
- Information issues;
- Procurement;
- Employee related information;

This is supplemented by further reporting to the Chief Officers Group and the Finance and Audit Subcommittee. The Leadership team receive information on a more frequently basis, with structured weekly and monthly performance reporting.

The Role of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) at ESPO, this is the Consortium Treasurer

CIPFA’s Statement on the Role of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) in Local Government (revised 2016) sets out five principles that define the core activities and behaviours that belong to the role of the CFO and the governance requirements needed to support them.

The CFO (Consortium Treasurer) is able to bring influence to bear on all material business decisions, ensuring that immediate and long term implications, opportunities and risks, are fully considered and in alignment with the MTFS and other corporate strategies. The CFO is aware of, and committed to, the five key principles that underpin the role of the CFO and has completed an assurance statement that provides evidence against core activities which strengthen governance and financial management at ESPO.

The Role of the Head of Internal Audit

CIPFA’s Statement on the Role of the Head of Internal Audit in Public Service Organisations (revised April 2019) sets out five principles that define the core activities and behaviours that belong to the role of the head of internal audit and the organisational requirements needed to support them. The Head of the Internal Audit Service for ESPO is also the Head of the Internal Audit Service for LCC.

ESPO’s internal audit arrangements conform to the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement. The HoIAS works with the Consortium Treasurer and Consortium Secretary, the Director of ESPO and other members of the Leadership Team to give advice and promote good governance throughout the organisation. The HoIAS (or the Audit Manager) attends the Finance and Audit Subcommittee and the Management Committee as and when required. The HoIAS also leads and directs the Internal Audit Service so that it makes a full contribution to and meets the needs of the Organisation and external stakeholders, escalating any concerns and giving assurance on ESPO’s control environment.

The Role of the Consortium Secretary

The Consortium Secretary has responsibility for:

- ensuring that decisions taken comply with all necessary statutory requirements and are lawful.
- ensuring that decisions taken are in accordance with ESPO’s budget and its Policy Framework
- providing advice on the scope of powers and authority to take decisions

Where in the opinion of the Consortium Secretary any decision or proposal is likely to be unlawful and lead to maladministration, he/she shall advise the Management Committee accordingly in discharging this role the Consortium Secretary is supported by officers within the County Council's Legal and Democratic Services Teams.

The role, purpose, governance and scrutiny arrangements for ESPO, ESPO Trading Limited and Eduzone, was reported to Leicestershire County Council's Corporate Governance Committee on 21 November 2022.

Commercial Arrangements

ESPO Trading Ltd: ESPO's power to trade is restricted to a limited number of public bodies and this market is shrinking. The establishment of a trading company allows ESPO (Trading) to trade with other organisations not described in the 1970 Act and associated regulations – e.g. Housing Associations, Charities and Voluntary Organisations. The Trading is governed under the Companies Act 2006, its Articles of Association and Shareholder Agreement.

The ESPO Management Committee receives regular financial and business information to allow its oversight of ESPO Trading Limited's contribution to ESPO's wider business objectives. This includes its international trading, services to those outside of local government including the private sector, Early Years providers, and strategic relationship with Sainsbury's.

ESPO Trading Limited has its own Board of Directors who oversee the running of the company on behalf of the member shareholders, in addition to the reporting provided to Management Committee. The Board currently comprises of 2 ESPO officers, an officer representative from Leicestershire County Council (in capacity as servicing authority of the Consortium), an officer representative from the remaining members, and an independent non executive director.

Eduzone was a private limited company that supplied Early Years educational products and Early Years furniture to schools, nurseries and child minders. ESPO acquired the company following the necessary due diligence in 2018. Governance for Eduzone has now been incorporated into ESPO Trading Limited..

7.GOVERNANCE ISSUES

A senior Management Group reviewed the draft AGS and determined if there were any areas for improvement. No significant governance issues were identified during 2022/23. The group comprised of the following officers:

Leicestershire County Council (The Servicing Authority)

- Director of Law and Governance (on behalf of the ESPO Secretary)
- Assistant Director - Strategic Finance & Property (on behalf of the Consortium Treasurer)
- Head of Internal Audit and Assurance Service

ESPO

- Director of ESPO
- Commercial Financial Controller

This review of effectiveness has been informed by both Internal and External Audit and the conclusion of the review is that ESPO's overall financial management and corporate governance arrangements during 2022/23 were sound.

Whilst the review of effectiveness concluded ESPO's overall financial management and corporate governance arrangements during 2022/23 are sound, the assurance gathering process identified key minor corporate areas of improvement, please see Appendix. Implementing actions to address these will ensure that identified weaknesses within ESPO's current control environment will be strengthened, and further enhance our overall governance arrangements.

8. FUTURE CHALLENGES

ESPO continues to face significant challenges in these times. All such significant risks are detailed within the Corporate Risk Register, which is regularly reviewed by the Leadership Team and presented to the Management Committee. Managing these risks adequately will be an integral part of both the strategic and operational planning for ESPO.

As ESPO continues to trade and grow in complex and competitive market places there are a number of future governance challenges to consider:

- Worsening national finances, inflation, and increases in the cost of living, are likely to have a negative impact on public spending which could result in a reduced demand for ESPO's products from its core customers.
- Future challenges affecting ESPOs global supply chain network, with issues such as the war in Ukraine having a direct and indirect impact on suppliers' ability to produce and transport goods around the world.
- Future challenges around cost inflation, with issues like global supply chain problems, UK inflation, and UK cost of living increases directly affecting our cost base.
- Future challenges around ESPOs ability to recruit and retain staff in an increasingly competitive post-Brexit and post-Covid employment market.
- Future challenges from changing customer product buying patterns. For example, some schools moving to "electronic classrooms" where paper exercise books are replaced with electronic devices.

- Legislation as it develops will also be crucial in the future basis of public procurement, IR35 employment legislation or indeed the embedding of GDPR. A review and change to public sector procurement legislation (the Procurement Bill) is in the final stages of the parliamentary approval process before Royal Assent and is intended to set out the new rules and procedures following the repeal of the EU based procurement regulations; this is likely to impact on the public sector approach to procurement, and the compliance support provided by ESPO.
- The impact of the upcoming warehouse extension. Both in terms of ensuring the appropriate governance and risk management remains in place as the organisation moves from the planning to the construction phase, and also in terms of ensuring that ESPO is able to make best use of the investment.
- ESPO will want to consider its workforce and the ability to ensure recruitment and retention is well managed and supports the need of a growing organisation without compromising its standards. This includes the ongoing development of hybrid working which is being done using guidelines and best practice from Leicestershire County Council.
- Cyber Risks. This is covered under the IT section of the Corporate Risk Register with ESPO continually monitoring and improving its defences.

We are satisfied our existing governance arrangements are sufficiently equipped to allow us to respond to these challenges.

9. CERTIFICATION

We have been advised on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the governance framework by the above, and that the arrangements continue to be regarded as fit for purpose in accordance with the governance framework. The areas already addressed and those to be specifically addressed with new actions planned are outlined above.

We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the above matters to further enhance our governance arrangements. We are satisfied that these steps will address the need for improvements that were identified in our review of effectiveness and will monitor their implementation and operation as part of our next annual review.

Furthermore, having considered all the principles of the CIPFA Code of Practice on Managing the Risk of Fraud and Corruption, we are satisfied that ESPO has adopted a response that is appropriate for its fraud and corruption risks and commits to maintain its vigilance to tackle fraud.

K. Smith
Director of ESPO

Cllr. M Wright
Chair, ESPO Management Committee

Appendix - AREAS FOR FURTHER DEVELOPMENT IN 2023-24

The AGS self-assessments contained a set of conformance statements under each core principle and related sub-principles as outlined in the CIPFA/SOLACE Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016), which required a corresponding score of 1, 2 or 3 to be recorded, The outcome of the review of the self-assessments is summarised in the table below:

Annual Review of the Effectiveness of the Council's Governance Framework against the CIPFA/SOLACE Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016)						
Core Principles of the Framework	Old/New	Owner	Action to Develop Areas Further	Update - Sep 23	Deadline	Completed?
Principle A: Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law	Old	MC	Review the operation of the code of conduct/ethical standards for suppliers.	Introduced onto the 23/24 LCC Internal Audit work plan who have been scoped into supporting a review of supplier compliance surrounding rebates and are currently finalising the suppliers/sites to review/visit.	Spring 2024	
	Old	DG	Develop register to monitor the key areas where laws/regulations compliance is required, levels of risk and areas where action is required.	Delayed due to staff vacancies, but in the plan for Spring/Summer 2024. No concerns held over compliance with laws and regs, this was to improve oversight of compliance and improve governance, rather than correct any specific shortfall.	Summer 24	
Principle C: Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social, and environmental benefit	Old	GF	Define a target, and an accompanying strategy, to reduce carbon emissions.	Included on the ESPO risk register with resource now allocated within ESPO to explore ESPO's role in supporting this agenda. Individual supported with training and working group created to consider current good practice within ESPO and our market and help shape next steps. Emissions reporting included in 23/24 Financial Statements for the first time and provide base against which performance can be measured.	Ongoing	
Principle F. Managing risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management	Old	DAG	Following completion of the ongoing cyber review, complete/implement the remaining recommendations as appropriate.	Audit recommendations significantly cleared, with 1 high importance recommendation relating to legacy systems resolved/completed and awaiting final sign off by Internal Audit.	Dec-23	